Maryland Envirothon: Class Mammalia





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Mammalia Overview

- > 100 species in Maryland
- •Extirpated species include:
- American elk
- •American martin
- Gray wolf



American elk by Kerry Wixted

Note: This guide is an overview of select species found in Maryland.

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Virginia Opossum (Didelphis virginiana)

- Omnivore
- Marsupial
 - Prehensile tail
- Low body temperature
- Immune to snake venom





Order: Didelphimorphia; Family Didelphidae

Order: Rodentia

- Largest group of mammals
- 26 species in Maryland
 - Castoridae (beaver)
 - Erethizontidae (porcupine)
 - Muridae (mice and rats)
 - Myocastoridae (nutria)
- Sciuridae (squirrels)
 Teeth never stop growing



Rodent skulls and gray squirrel by Kerry Wixted

Order: Rodentia

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Semi-aquatic Rodents



Castoridae: American Beaver (Castor canadensis) Head & body= 2-3'; tall= 1' Scaly, paddle-shaped tall; 1 hump visible when swimming (usual) Muridae: Common Muskrat (Ondatra zibethicus) Head & body= 12"; tail= 9" Flattened tail; 3 humps visible when swimming (usual) Myocastoridae: Coypu (Nutria) (Myocastor coypus) Head & body= 22"; tail= 13" Squared-off head w/ white whiskers; rounded tail; invasive

Order: Rodentia

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Family Sciuridae

- 7 species in Maryland
- Includes chipmunk, tree squirrels, flying squirrel, and woodchuck
- Largest= woodchuck (*Marmota monax*)



Woodchuck by Kerry Wixted

Order: Rodentia; Family Sciuridae

Red Squirrel (Tamiasciurus hudsonicus)



- Head & body= 7" and tail = 5"
- Belly and eye ring white
- Ears tufted in winter
- Tail tipped in orange
- Prefers conifer forests



der: Rodentia; Family Sciuridae

Sciurus- tree squirrels with diurnal habits



Eastern Gray Squirrel (Scium Gray Squine)
(Scium Scarolinensis)
Head & body=9-11.2"; tail=6-10"
Upperparts gray with yellow-brown on back and head; eyer ring white or pale orange; belly white

(Sciurus niger niger)
Head & body= 10-14.5"; tall= 8-13"
Belly, cheeks, eye-ring, and feet orange to rusty brown

Delmarva Fox Squirrel (Sclurus niger cinereus) Head & body= 10-14.5"; tail= 8-13" Gray above; belly white; cheeks and eye-ring cream; lower legs and feet white; rare

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Order: Eulipotyphla

- Formerly Soricimorpha (and Insectivora!)
- 11 species
 - Soricidae (shrews)
 - Talpidae (moles)
- Small w/ long, narrow snouts
- Have 5 toes on front and hind feet



Northern Short-tailed Shrew (Blarina brevicauda)

- Head & body= 4"; tail =1"
- Small eye, tiny ears, short tail
- Must eat 3x its weight/day
- Toxic saliva
- Echolocation





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Talpidae: Moles

- 3 species
 - Eastern mole
 - Hairy-tailed mole
- Star-nosed mole
- Large front feetWorms =

The star-nosed mole (Condylura cristata) is uncommon in Maryland. It has 22 finger-like appendages on its nose.



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Order: Chiroptera

- Bats
 - Only flying mammals
- Family: Vespertilionidae
 - 10 species in Maryland
 - Insectivores
 - Some hibernate, some migrate
- Many declining due to white-nose syndrome

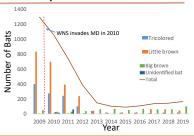


Eastern red bat By Billy Liar, CC BY NC SA- 2.0

Order: Chiroptera; Family Vespertilionida

White-Nose Syndrome in MD

Dan Feller, MD DNR (2019)



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Order: Carnivora

- 22 species in Maryland
 - Canidae (canines)
 - Felidae (cats)
 - Mephitidae (skunks)
 - Mustelidae (weasels)
 - Phocidae (seals)
 - Procyonidae (raccoon)
 - Ursidae (bears)



Order: Carnivo

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Canidae: Foxes



Gray fox (Urocyon cinereoargenteus)
Black tip on end of tail



Red fox (Vulpes vulpes)
White tip on end of tail; dark marks on legs and ear tips

Order: Carnivora; Family Canida

Eastern Coyote (Canis latrans)

- First documented in MD in 1972
- Omnivore
- Identification:
 - Large ears and narrow muzzle
 - Color can be variable
 - Black tip on end of tail



By VJAnderson - Own work, CC BY-SA 4.0

Order: Carnivora: Family Canidae

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Felidae

- Bobcat (*Lynx rufus*) only extant species in Maryland
 - Head & body ~ 3ft w/ 4-8" tail
 - Color and pattern variable
 - Has ear tufts and striped legs
 - Mainly nocturnal
- Eastern cougar (*Puma concolor couguar*) declared extinct



Bobcat by skepticalview CC by NC ND 2.0

Order: Carnivora; Family Felidae

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Mustelidae

- 5 extant species in Maryland
- Long, slender bodies w/ short legs
- Well-developed anal scent glands



American Mink (Mustela vison)

Order: Carnivora; Family Mustelidae

Mustelids



American Mink (*Mustela vison*)
Head & body- 12-16", tail 5.5-8"; Dark brown with white on chin and chest; usually near water

Fisher (Martes pennanti)
Head & body- 17-31", tail 12-16"; Large and
dark; head and shoulders grizzled; prefers
coniferous or deciduous- conifer forests

By Forest Wander CC BY-SA 2.0

By Nicole Beaulac CC BY-NC ND 2.0
Order: Carnivora; Family Mustelidae

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Northern River Otter (Lontra canadensis)

- Head & body= 26-31" w/ 12-20" tail
- Feet broad and webbed
- Upperparts brown and belly silvery
- Strong swimmer
- Eats fish, crayfish, frogs, etc



By Maureen Lemire MD DNR Photo Contest

Order: Carnivora; Family Mustelida

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Phocidae

- 4 species in Maryland
- Lack external ears
- Hind flippers face back & front flippers are small
- Mostly found along Atlantic coast in Maryland but can travel up Bay
- Protected under the Marine Mammal Protection Act



Juvenile Harp Seal (Pagophilus groenlandicus)

Adult males have black face and black horseshoeshaped patch on back. Adult females have similar markings though lighter.

Order: Carnivora; Family Phocidae

Order: Artiodactyla

- Even-toed ungulates
- 2 species in Maryland
- Cervidae:
 - White-tailed deer
 - Sika deer





Order: Artidactyla; Family Cervidae

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Cervids



Sika Deer (Cervus nippon)

Coat usually reddish-brown and spotted in summer, dark brown in winter; midline of back black; white rump patch; introduced



White-tailed Deer (Odocoileus virginianus)
Coat usually grayish in winter and reddish-brown
in summer; adults lack spots; tail long with white
underside

By Stephen Aprile MD DNR Photo Contest

By Dechun Feng MD DNR Photo Cont

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Rabies

- •Top 5 species: Raccoons, cats, foxes, skunks, bats
- •Passed through saliva
- •Disorientation, incoordination and staggering, paralysis of the hind legs
- *<u>Do not approach</u>; secure people & pets; call animal control
- •Contact Health Dept if exposure suspected



Laboratory Confirmed Babies in Maryland by Species, 2019			Laboratory Confirmed Rabies in Maryland by Species, 2020		
Species	Total	%	Species	Total	%
Bat	19	7%	flat	- 5	4%
Cat	14	5%	Cat	17	13%
Cow	1	0%	Cow	0	0%
Dog	0	0%	Dog	0	0%
Fox	32	12%	Fox	12	959
Groundhog	3	1%	Groundhog	2	2%
Raccoon	182	69%	Raccoon	92	71%
Skiunk	11	4%	Skunk	1	196
Sheep	1	0%	Coyote	1	15
Ferret	1	0%		0	0%
Goat	1	0%		- 0	0%
Total	265	100%	Positive	130	100%

lata through December 28, 2019 Data through June 22, 2020

For Additional Information

For more information on Maryland's mammals, please visit our webpage at: dnr.marylinformation can be found in the following resources.

Book Resources: • Peterson Field Guide to Mammals of North America, 4th Ed

- Online Resources:

 Maryland Envirothon (Wildlife and Heritage Service)

 Mammals of Maryland (MD DNR)

 Maryland Biodiversity Project (Mammals)



MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESCURCES